

AP Calculus AB

WS 97 - Exponential Growth

$$1) \frac{dN}{dt} = \frac{1}{5}N, N(0) = 500$$

$$N(t) = Ce^{kt}$$

$$N(t) = 500e^{\frac{1}{5}t}$$

$$2) \frac{dN}{dt} = \frac{1}{2}N$$

$$N(t) = 1000e^{\frac{1}{2}t}$$

$$3) \frac{dM}{dt} = -\frac{M}{50}$$

$$M(t) = 250e^{-\frac{1}{50}t}$$

$$M(100 \ln 2) = 250e^{-\frac{1}{50}(100 \ln 2)}$$

$$= 250e^{-2 \ln 2}$$

$$= 250e^{\ln 2^{-2}}$$

$$= 250\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)$$

$$= 62.5 \text{ g.}$$

$$4) f(t) = \int_0^t \frac{1}{1+x^2} dx$$

$$f'(t) = \frac{1}{1+t^2} \cdot 2t$$

$$= \frac{2t}{1+t^2}$$

$$5) f(x) = x^4 - 4x^3 + 6 \text{ on } [1, 4]$$

$$f'(x) = 4x^3 - 12x^2 = 0$$

$$4x^2(x-3) = 0$$

$$x = 3$$

x	f(x)
1	3
3	-21
4	6

f(x) has a max
of y=6 @ x=4.

$$6) \frac{dP}{dt} = \frac{1}{10}P$$

$$P(t) = 500e^{\frac{1}{10}t}$$

$$P(20) = 500e^2 = 3694.528$$

$$\sim 3695$$

$$7) f'(2.1) \approx \frac{f(2.2) - f(2.0)}{2.2 - 2.0}$$

$$= \frac{1.73 - 1.39}{0.2}$$

$$= 1.7$$

$$8) x(8) = 10$$

$$x(5) = 10 + \int_8^5 v(t) dt$$

$$= 10 + \left[\frac{1}{2}(2)(4) - \frac{1}{2}(1)(2) \right]$$

$$= 13$$

9) $v(t) = 0$ @ $t = 6, 9$

$$\int_0^6 v(t) = \frac{1}{2}(6+3)(2) = 9 \text{ to the right of } x(0).$$

$$\int_0^9 v(t) = 9 - \frac{1}{2}(4)(3) = 3 \text{ to the right of } x(0)$$

At $t=6$, the object is farthest from $x(0)$

$$\begin{aligned} 11) \text{ROC}_{\text{avg}} &= \frac{f(4) - f(1)}{4 - 1} \\ &= \frac{6 - 2}{3} \\ &= \frac{4}{3} \end{aligned}$$

12) $h(x) = g(f(x))$

$$h'(x) = g'(f(x)) \cdot f'(x)$$

$$h'(3) = g'(f(3)) \cdot f'(3)$$

$$= g'(4) \cdot f'(3)$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) (2)$$

$$= 1$$

10) The object is moving left on $(6, 9)$ b/c $v(t) < 0$